## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A martensitic stainless steel comprising:

in mass % C: 0.15 - 0.22%, Si: 0.18 - 1.0%, Mn: 0.05 - 1.0%, Cr: 10.5 - 14.0% and Fe as substantial residual, and further including Ni: not more than 0.20%, Al: not more than 0.05%, N: not more than 0.100%, S: 0.015% and P: 0.020% as impurities;

wherein a scale layer on the surface of the base material consists of an inner layer scale including mainly FeCr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, and

an outer layer scale having a thickness of not more than 20  $\mu m$  deposited on the surface of the inner layer scale at a surface coverage of not less than 1% and not more than 15%; and

wherein rust preventive oil is applied to the surface of said scale layer.

2. A method for manufacturing a martensitic stainless steel, comprising the steps of:

heating a base material comprising in mass % C: 0.15-0.22%, Si: 0.18-1.0%, Mn: 0.05-1.0%, Cr: 10.5-14.0% and Fe as substantial residual, and further including Ni: not more than 0.20%, Al: not more than 0.05%, N: not more than 0.100%, S: 0.015% and P: 0.020% as impurities in a quenching furnace at 850-980°C;

completely descaling a scale layer formed on the surface of the base material;

quenching the base material;

tempering the base material in a tempering furnace;

partially descaling a scale layer newly formed on the surface of the base material to form a finished scale layer consisting of an inner layer scale including mainly  $FeCr_2O_4$  and an outer layer scale having a thickness of not more than 20  $\mu$ m deposited on the surface of the inner layer scale at a surface coverage of not less than 1% and not more than 15%; and

applying rust preventive oil.

- 3. A method for manufacturing a martensitic stainless steel according to Claim 2, wherein the descaling after heating in the quenching furnace is carried out at a collision pressure of not less than 473 N/mm<sup>2</sup> using a high-pressure water descalar.
- 4. A method for manufacturing a martensitic stainless steel according to Claim 2, wherein the descaling after the tempering is carried out at a collision pressure of 167 343 N/mm<sup>2</sup> using a high-pressure water descalar.
- 5. A method for manufacturing a martensitic stainless steel according to Claim 2, wherein the descaling after heating in the quenching furnace is carried out at a collision pressure of not less than 473 N/mm<sup>2</sup> using a high-pressure water descalar, and wherein the descaling after the tempering is carried out at a collision pressure of 167 343 N/mm<sup>2</sup> using a high-pressure water descalar.